

Government House*

Built in 1879 it is the earliest and most significant government building in Darwin and served as the focal point of social and government development in the Northern Territory.

McLachlan's Tree

Situated on the southern bank of the Mary River, the tree (*Erythrophleum chlorostachys* - ironwood) has historic value because it was marked by George Galbraith McLachlan, one of the explorer-surveyors who contributed greatly to the opening up and development of the Northern Territory during the latter half of the nineteenth century.

Munmarlary Homestead

The homestead is the most intact physical representation of the attempts at developing the NT's beef and buffalo meat production. The complex is also important as it represents an unusual industry in an Australian context and contributes to an understanding of the role played by Aboriginal people in the buffalo industry, and to an understanding of Aboriginal - European relations. In terms of design, the homestead is an outstanding example of technical and aesthetic achievement in difficult conditions.

Noltenius Billabong and Grave

Noltenius was a partner in the first commercial copper mining enterprise in the Northern Territory. He died next to the billabong after an attack by Aborigines on the Daly River Copper mine. This place is important in terms of remembering the efforts of Johannes Lebracht Noltenius, one of the earliest pioneers in the Northern Territory and noted for his contributions to the mining industry.

Old Courthouse, Alice Springs

The Old Courthouse is highly valued by all the community as the scene where decisions were made or actions taken which directly impacted their lives. It was completed in 1928.

SS *Ellengowan*

The SS *Ellengowan* is a unique example of nineteenth century maritime history of the Northern Territory. It's potential to contribute to maritime archaeological research is high.

Tennant Creek Hospital - Outpatients Department

The Tennant Creek Hospital Outpatients Department is important because it is one of BCG Burnett's first designs in arid zone architecture and also because it is one of the few remaining military structures in Tennant Creek. It provided an important service to the community and represents a shift in health policy for the period in which it was built.

The Residency, Alice Springs

The Residency is a tangible symbol of the brief independence and Vice-Regal power central Australia had from North Australia in NT history and is highly valued by the community. The building itself demonstrates a means of adaptation to life in an arid environment. Almost all individuals who have been resident in the building, or who have been official guests, including Queen Elizabeth II, have had a significant impact on NT history.